

ICP Building Solutions Group

Version No: 4.10

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

Issue Date: 01/22/2020 Print Date: 01/22/2020 S.GHS.USA.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product name	Fiberlock Recon Smoke Odor Sealer White 3090	
Synonyms	Not Available	
Other means of identification	Not Available	
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use		
Relevant identified uses	entified uses Sealer to Prevent Smoke Odor	

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	ICP Building Solutions Group	
Address	50 Dascomb Road Andover MA United States	
Telephone	1-978-623-9980	
Fax	Not Available	
Website	http://www.icpgroup.com	
Email	Not Available	

Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	ChemTel
Emergency telephone numbers	800-255-3924
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

NFPA 704 diamond



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

Hazard

Classification Eye Irritation Category 2A, Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 4, Skin Sensitizer Category 1, Carcinogenicity Category 2

Label elements

pictogram(s)		
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SIGNAL WORD WARNING

Hazard statement(s)	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P321	Specific treatment (see advice on this label).

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501

Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
1317-80-2	-101-10	titanium dioxide (rutile)
25265-77-4	1-5	2.2.4-trimethyl-1.3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Transport to hospital, or doctor.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility None known.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Non combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. 	
Major Spills	Moderate hazard. ► Clear area of personnel and move upwind.	

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	
conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Suitable container	 Polyethylene or polypropylene container. Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	 Titanium dioxide reacts with strong acids, strong oxidisers reacts violently with aluminium, calcium, hydrazine, lithium (at around 200 deg C.), magnesium, potassium, sodium, zinc, especially at elevated temperatures - these reactions involves reduction of the oxide and are accompanied by incandescence dust or powders can ignite and then explode in a carbon dioxide atmosphere

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

None known

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	titanium dioxide (rutile)	Rutile, Titanium oxide, Titanium peroxide	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Ca See Appendix A
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	titanium dioxide (rutile)	Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: LRT irr
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	titanium dioxide (rutile)	Titanium dioxide: Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS					
Ingredient	Material name		TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
titanium dioxide (rutile)	Titanium oxide; (Titanium dioxide)		30 mg/m3	330 mg/m3	2,000 mg/m3
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate, 2,2,4-; (Texanol)		13 mg/m3	140 mg/m3	840 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised	IDLH		
titanium dioxide (rutile)	5,000 mg/m3	Not Available			
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	Not Available	Not Available			

Exposure controls

 Appropriate engineering controls
 Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

Continued...

Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	 Overalls. P.V.C.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Text		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Physical state		Relative defisity (water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	8.5	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may be harmful. The material is not thought to produce respiratory irritation (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless inhalation of vapours, fumes or aerosols, especially for prolonged periods, may produce respiratory discomfort and occasionally, distress.
Ingestion	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects following ingestion (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, adverse systemic effects have been produced following exposure of animals by at least one other route and good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum.
Skin Contact	The liquid may be able to be mixed with fats or oils and may degrease the skin, producing a skin reaction described as non-allergic contact dermatitis. The material is unlikely to produce an irritant dermatitis as described in EC Directives. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.

Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort Eye characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). There has been concern that this material can cause cancer or mutations, but there is not enough data to make an assessment. Chronic Skin contact with the material is more likely to cause a sensitisation reaction in some persons compared to the general population. TOXICITY IRRITATION Fiberlock Recon Smoke Odor Sealer White 3090 Not Available Not Available TOXICITY IRRITATION Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg^[1] Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating)^[1] titanium dioxide (rutile) Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating)^[1] TOXICITY IRRITATION Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >15200 mg/kg^[2] Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating)^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5.325 mg/l/6h[2] Eves - Moderate irritant * 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate Oral (rat) LD50: 3200 mg/kg^[2] Skin - Slight irritant * Skin (rabbit): mild *** Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating)^[1] 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise Legend: specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. Fiberlock Recon Smoke Odor Contact allergies guickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact Sealer White 3090 eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. The material may produce moderate eye irritation leading to inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis TITANIUM DIOXIDE (RUTILE) Exposure to titanium dioxide is via inhalation, swallowing or skin contact. When inhaled, it may deposit in lung tissue and lymph nodes causing dysfunction of the lungs and immune system. Absorption by the stomach and intestines depends on the size of the particle. Skin (human) 0.3: mg/3d-I mild Not a skin sensitiser (guinea pig, Magnusson-Kligman) *** Ames Test: negative *** Micronucleus, mouse: negative *** Not mutagenic *** No effects on fertility or foetal development seen in the rat *** * [SWIFT] ** [Eastman] *** [Perstop] 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL-1,3-PENTANEDIOL The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged contact causing inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce MONOISOBUTYRATE conjunctivitis TITANIUM DIOXIDE (RUTILE) & 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL-The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of 1,3-PENTANEDIOL vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin. MONOISOBUTYRATE --Acute Toxicity Carcinogenicity Skin Irritation/Corrosion × × Reproductivity ¥ × Serious Eve Damage/Irritation STOT - Single Exposure Respiratory or Skin ~ × STOT - Repeated Exposure sensitisation × × Mutagenicity Aspiration Hazard 🗙 – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification Legend:

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Fiberlock Recon Smoke Odor Sealer White 3090	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	>1-mg/L	2
titanium dioxide (rutile)	EC50	48	Crustacea	>1-mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>10-mg/L	2
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	1mg/L	2
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	LC50	96	Fish	9.552mg/L	3
	EC50	48	Crustacea	>19mg/L	2
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.789mg/L	3
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	2mg/L	2

- Data available to make classification

Legend:	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite
-	V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment
	Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
titanium dioxide (rutile)	HIGH	HIGH
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
titanium dioxide (rutile)	LOW (BCF = 10)
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	LOW (LogKOW = 2.9966)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
titanium dioxide (rutile)	LOW (KOC = 23.74)
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	LOW (KOC = 22.28)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

 It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. Recycle wherever possible. Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
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SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels	Required	
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Marine Pollutant NO

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

TITANIUM DIOXIDE (RUTILE) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (Spanish) International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC US AIHA Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEELs) Monographs - Group 2B : Possibly carcinogenic to humans US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs) International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for US List of Active Substances Exempt from the TSCA Inventory Notifications (Active-Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS) Inactive) Rule US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs) US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs) (Spanish) US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1 US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits - Annotated Table Z-1 (Spanish) US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1) US TSCA Section 12(b) - List of Chemical Substances Subject to Export Notification US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants Requirements US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air US TSCA Section 5(a)(2) - Significant New Use Rules (SNURs) Contaminants

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

2,2,4-TRIMETHYL-1,3-PENTANEDIOL MONOISOBUTYRATE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles

IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements

IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk

US Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security Part 153: Ships Carrying Bulk Liquid, Liquefied gas or compressed gas hazardous materials. Table 1 to Part 153

--Summary of Minimum Requirements

Federal Regulations

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES

Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)	No
Gas under pressure	No
Explosive	No
Self-heating	No
Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)	No
Pyrophoric Gas	No
Corrosive to metal	No
Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	No
Organic Peroxide	No
Self-reactive	No
In contact with water emits flammable gas	No
Combustible Dust	No
Carcinogenicity	Yes
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)	Yes
Reproductive toxicity	No
Skin Corrosion or Irritation	No
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	Yes
Serious eye damage or eye irritation	Yes
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	No
Aspiration Hazard	No
Germ cell mutagenicity	No
Simple Asphyxiant	No
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	No

US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)

None Reported

State Regulations

US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm

US - CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 - CARCINOGENS: LISTED SUBSTANCE

Titanium dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) Listed

National Inventory Status

National Inventory

Australia - AICS	Yes	
Canada - DSL	Yes	
Canada - NDSL	No (titanium dioxide (rutile); 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate)	
China - IECSC	Yes	
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes	
Japan - ENCS	Yes	
Korea - KECI	Yes	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes	
Philippines - PICCS	Yes	
USA - TSCA	Yes	
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes	
Mexico - INSQ	Yes	
Vietnam - NCI	Yes	
Russia - ARIPS	Yes	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)	

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	01/22/2020
Initial Date	05/03/2017

CONTACT POINT

PLEASE NOTE THAT TITANIUM DIOXIDE IS NOT PRESENT IN CLEAR OR NEUTRAL BASES

SDS Version Summary

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
3.10.1.1.1	01/22/2020	Ingredients

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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