# DrägerSensor® XS EC H<sub>2</sub>S DrägerSensor® XS 2 H<sub>2</sub>S DrägerSensor® XS R H<sub>2</sub>S

Order no. 68 09 110

68 10 370 68 10 260

Used in	Plug & Play	Replaceable	Guaranty	Expected sensor life	Selective filter
Dräger X-am 7000	yes	yes	XS EC: 3 years XS 2: 2 years	> 5 years > 3 years	_
			XS R: 5 years	= 5 years	
				(limited operation	time)

## **MARKET SEGMENTS**

Waste disposal, petrochemical, fertilizer production, sewage, mining and tunneling, shipping, inorganic chemicals, steel industry, pulp and paper, organic chemicals, oil and gas, hazmat, biogas.

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Detection limit:	1 ppm for XS EC / XS 2 / XS R		
Resolution:	0.1 ppm for XS EC / XS 2 / XS R		
Measurement range:	0 to 100 ppm H <sub>2</sub> S (hydrogen sulfide)		
Response time:	≤ 20 seconds (T <sub>90</sub> ) - XS R ≤ 25 seconds (T <sub>90</sub> ) - XS EC		
	≤ 30 seconds (T <sub>90</sub> ) - XS 2		
Measurement accuracy			
Sensitivity:	$\leq$ ± 2% of measured value - XS EC / XS R		
	≤ ± 1% of measured value - XS 2		
Long-term drift, at 20°C (68°F)			
Zero point:	≤ ± 1 ppm/year - XS EC / XS R		
	≤ ± 1 ppm/month - XS 2		
Sensitivity:	≤ ± 1% of measured value/month		
Warm-up time:	≤ 12 hours - XS EC / XS 2 / XS R		
Ambient conditions			
Temperature*:	(-20 to 50)°C (-4 to 122)°F - XS EC		
	(-40 to 50)°C (-40 to 122)°F - XS 2 / XS R		
Humidity*:	(10 to 90)% RH		
Pressure:	(700 to 1,300) hPa		
Influence of temperature			
Zero point:	≤ ± 5 ppm - XS EC / XS microPac, ≤ ± 2 ppm - XS 2 / XS R		
Sensitivity:	≤ ± 5% of measured value - XS EC / XS 2 / XS R		
Influence of humidity			
Zero point:	≤ ± 0.02 ppm/% RH - XS EC / XS 2, no effect - XS R		
Sensitivity:	≤ ± 0.05% of measured value/% RH - XS EC / XS 2 / XS R		
Test gas:	approx. 5 to 100 ppm H <sub>2</sub> S test gas		

<sup>\*</sup>Sudden temperature or humidity changes lead to dynamic effects (fluctuations). These dynamic effects decrease within 2 to 3 minutes.

#### SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS

These sensor's advantages include fast response times and excellent linearity. At concentrations up to 20 ppm, sulfur dioxide only has a minor effect on hydrogen sulfide readings. This, therefore, enables the selective measurement of hydrogen sulfide alongside sulfur dioxide.

The values shown in the following table are standard and apply to new sensors. The values maybe fluctuate by  $\pm$  30%. The sensor may also be sensitive to additional gases (for more information, please contact Dräger). Gas mixtures may be displayed as the sum of all components. Gases with a negative cross sensitivity may displace an existing concentration of H<sub>2</sub>S. To be sure, please check if gas mixtures are present.

## RELEVANT CROSS-SENSITIVITIES DrägerSensor® XS EC H<sub>2</sub>S

Gas/vapor	Chem. symbol	Concentration	Display in ppm H <sub>2</sub> S
Acetone	CH₃COCH₃	1,000 ppm	≤ 4
Acetylene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	0.6 Vol. %	≤ 10
Ammonia	NH <sub>3</sub>	500 ppm	No effect
Benzene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	0.6 Vol. %	No effect
Carbon dioxide	CO <sub>2</sub>	1.5 Vol. %	≤ 1 <sup>(-)</sup>
Carbon disulfide	CS <sub>2</sub>	15 ppm	No effect
Carbon monoxide	CO	125 ppm	≤ 3
Chlorine	Cl <sub>2</sub>	20 ppm	≤ 2(-)
Dimethyldisulfide	CH <sub>3</sub> SSCH <sub>3</sub>	20 ppm	≤ 13
Dimethylsulfide	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> S	20 ppm	≤ 6
Ethanol	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	200 ppm	≤ 2
Ethanethiol	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> SH	20 ppm	≤ 5
Ethene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	1,000 ppm	≤ 10
FAM regular gasoline	_	0.55 Vol. %	No effect
(DIN 51635, DIN 51557)			
Hexane	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	0.6 Vol. %	No effect
Hydrogen	H <sub>2</sub>	1 Vol. %	≤ 10
Hydrogen chloride	HCI	40 ppm	No effect
Hydrogen cyanide	HCN	50 ppm	No effect
Methane	CH <sub>4</sub>	5 Vol. %	No effect
Methanol	CH <sub>3</sub> OH	200 ppm	≤ 10
Methylmercaptane	CH <sub>3</sub> SH	20 ppm	≤ 15
Nitrogen dioxide	NO <sub>2</sub>	20 ppm	No effect
Nitrogen monoxide	NO	20 ppm	≤ 10
Octane	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub>	0.4 Vol. %	No effect
Phosphine	PH <sub>3</sub>	5 ppm	≤ 5
Propane	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	1 Vol. %	No effect
Propene	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	0.5 Vol. %	No effect
Sulfur dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	20 ppm	≤ 4
sec-Butylmercaptan	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> SH	20 ppm	≤ 7
Tetrahydrothiophene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>5</sub> S	20 ppm	≤ 4
Toluene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	0.6 Vol. %	No effect
tert-Butylmercaptane	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CSH	20 ppm	≤ 10
Trichloroethylene	CHCICCI <sub>2</sub>	1,000 ppm	No effect
Xylol	$C_6H_4(CH_3)_2$	0.5 Vol. %	≤ 4

<sup>(-)</sup> Indicates negative deviation

# RELEVANT CROSS-SENSITIVITIES DrägerSensor® XS 2 H<sub>2</sub>S

Gas/vapor	Chem. symbol	Concentration	Display in ppm H₂S
Acetone	CH₃COCH₃	1,000 ppm	≤4
Acetylene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	0.6 Vol. %	≤10
Ammonia	NH <sub>3</sub>	500 ppm	No effect
Carbon dioxide	CO <sub>2</sub>	1.5 Vol. %	No effect
Carbon disulfide	CS <sub>2</sub>	15 ppm	No effect
Carbon monoxide	СО	125 ppm	≤3
Chlorine	Cl <sub>2</sub>	20 ppm	≤2(-)
Ethane	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	0.2 Vol. %	No effect
Ethanol	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	200 ppm	≤2
Ethanethiol	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> SH	10 ppm	≤5
Ethene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	1,000 ppm	≤10
Hexane	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	0.6 Vol. %	No effect
Hydrogen	H <sub>2</sub>	1 Vol. %	≤10
Hydrogen chloride	HCI	40 ppm	No effect
Hydrogen cyanide	HCN	50 ppm	No effect
Methane	CH <sub>4</sub>	5 Vol. %	No effect
Methanol	CH <sub>3</sub> OH	200 ppm	≤10
Nitrogen dioxide	NO <sub>2</sub>	20 ppm	No effect
Nitrogen monoxide	NO	20 ppm	≤10
Phosgene	COCL <sub>2</sub>	50 ppm	No effect
Phosphine	PH <sub>3</sub>	5 ppm	≤5
Propane	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	1 Vol. %	No effect
Sulfur dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	20 ppm	≤4
Tetrahydrothiophene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>5</sub> S	10 ppm	≤4
Toluene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	0.6 Vol. %	No effect
Xylene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	0.5 Vol. %	≤4

# RELEVANT CROSS-SENSITIVITIES DrägerSensor® XS R H<sub>2</sub>S

Gas/vapor	Chem. symbol	Concentration	Display in ppm H <sub>2</sub> S
Acetone	CH₃COCH₃	1,000 ppm	≤ 4
Acetylene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	0.6 Vol. %	≤ 10
Ammonia	NH <sub>3</sub>	500 ppm	No effect
Benzene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	0.6 Vol. %	No effect
Carbon dioxide	CO <sub>2</sub>	1.5 Vol. %	No effect
Carbon disulfide	CS <sub>2</sub>	15 ppm	No effect
Carbon monoxide	CO	125 ppm	≤ 3
Chlorine	Cl <sub>2</sub>	8 ppm	≤ 2(-)
Ethanol	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	200 ppm	≤ 2
Ethanethiol	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> SH	10 ppm	≤ 5
Ethene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	1,000 ppm	≤ 10
FAM regular gasoline	_	0.55 Vol. %	No effect
(DIN 51635, DIN 51557)			
Hexane	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	0.6 Vol. %	No effect
Hydrogen	H <sub>2</sub>	1 Vol. %	≤ 10
Hydrogen chloride	HCI	40 ppm	No effect
Hydrogen cyanide	HCN	50 ppm	No effect
Methane	CH <sub>4</sub>	5 Vol. %	No effect
Methanol	CH₃OH	200 ppm	≤ 10
Nitrogen dioxide	$NO_2$	20 ppm	No effect
Nitrogen monoxide	NO	20 ppm	≤ 10
Octane	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub>	0.4 Vol. %	No effect
Phosgene	COCl <sub>2</sub>	50 ppm	No effect
Phosphine	PH <sub>3</sub>	5 ppm	≤ 5
Propane	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	1 Vol. %	No effect
Propene	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	0.5 Vol. %	No effect
Sulfur dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	20 ppm	≤ 4
Tetrahydrothiophene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>5</sub> S	10 ppm	≤ 4
Toluene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	0.6 Vol. %	No effect
Xylene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	0.5 Vol. %	≤ 4